

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

HISTORICAL NEWS

AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

The thirty-fourth annual meeting of the Association was held in Cleveland on December 29-31. The presidential address of Mr. William R. Thayer is printed in this number of this journal. The next number will contain the usual article descriptive of the proceedings. The meeting is especially marked by the retirement of Mr. Waldo G. Leland from the office of secretary, which he has held since 1908, and of Professor Evarts B. Greene from that of secretary of the Council, to which he was elected in 1913. Both these gentlemen have filled these offices with remarkable devotion and success, and the Association is greatly indebted to them for the energetic, resourceful, and methodical manner in which they have performed the services appropriate to their positions. Happily as these two officers have co-operated, it has seemed to some that in the general case it would be a better plan to have one secretary of the Association, an assistant secretary, and an editor of publications, the latter two to be paid officials acting under the direction of the secretary, and amendments intended to introduce this system were laid before the Council at its meeting on December 27, and before the Association at its business meeting on December 29.

The financial condition of the Association on December 1 when the treasurer's books were closed for the annual audit was very encouraging. The net receipts during the year amounted to \$10,832.80, the net disbursements to \$8,119.99, giving an excess of receipts over disbursements of \$2,712.81. The cash balance on hand was \$5,184.72. The assets in cash and securities amounted to \$34,922.68, an increase during the year of \$3,207.74. The assets of the American Historical Review Fund in cash and securities amounted to \$2,173.80, making the combined assets reach a total of \$37,096.48, an increase during the year of \$5,023.26. The voluntary contributions of one dollar had on December 1 amounted to \$1,432.

Volume II. of the Annual Report for 1916 has been distributed to the members of the Association. The Annual Report for 1917 will be distributed early in the year, and also, it is hoped, volume I. of the Annual Report for 1918. It is probable that the second volume of the latter Report, containing the Autobiography of Martin Van Buren, will not be issued until the second half of the year, as the printing appropriation will not suffice for its completion during the present fiscal year of the government.

Good progress is being made in the compilation of the Directory of

the Association which will be included in the *Annual Report* for 1918, volume I. Members who have not yet filled out the questionnaire are urgently requested to do so at once.

PERSONAL

Dr. Jesse Macy, professor emeritus of political science in Grinnell College, and formerly professor of history, died on November 2, aged 77. Famous as a teacher and as a sagacious publicist, he had published two small but meritorious books of history, in 1900 Political Parties in the United States, 1846–1861, and during the last year the volume, in the Chronicles of America series, which is reviewed on a preceding page.

Col. William R. Livermore, U. S. A., noted as an accomplished engineer officer, and writer of part III. of *The Story of the Civil War*, continuing the late John C. Ropes's work of that name, died on September 27, at the age of 76.

Dr. Alexander Franz, extraordinary professor of history in the University of Frankfort, died in Berlin on March 1, 1919. He was born in Missouri of German parents. His works include a volume on Die Kolonisation des Mississippitales bis zum Ausgange der Französischen Herrschaft: eine Kolonialhistorische Studie (Leipzig, 1906).

Francis J. Haverfield, who since 1907 had been Camden professor of ancient history in the University of Oxford, died on October 1, at the age of fifty-nine. His principal productions had been a variety of valuable monographs on the history of Roman Britain.

Dr. Archer B. Hulbert has been appointed associate professor of American history in Clark University.

Professor W. L. Westermann of the University of Wisconsin has been elected professor of ancient history in Cornell University, as successor of the late Professor Sill. His work at Ithaca will begin next September.

Dr. J. G. Randall has resigned his position as historian of the Shipping Board and has been appointed professor of history in Richmond College.

Professor J. M. Leake, formerly of Allegheny College, is now professor of history and economics in the University of Florida.

Professor E. C. Griffith, lately of Brown University, has been made professor of history, and acting head of the department, in the University of Cincinnati.

Professor Wilson P. Shortridge has been promoted to be head of the department of history in the University of Louisville. Dr. W. F. Raney becomes assistant professor of history in the same institution.

In the University of Wisconsin, Dr. W. T. Root has been advanced to the full rank of professor. Professor A. L. P. Dennis, returning from service with the Division of Military Intelligence, is expected to resume academic work in the second semester.

Professor W. M. Gewehr of Iowa State Teachers College has accepted an invitation to become head of the department of history in Morningside College, Sioux City, Iowa.

GENERAL

Libraries or students possessing the series of the Jahresberichte der Geschichtswissenschaft will be glad to know that the two volumes for 1913 (Jahrgang XXXVI., Berlin, Weidmann, 1916, pp. 326, 401, 270, 316) are now procurable. There are almost no non-German contributors. Most of the chapters under ancient history and "Allgemeines" are filled out, but few of the sections for German history are present, and for other countries only those for France, Spain, Belgium, Sweden, Japan, and a part of Italy.

The contents of the October number of the Historical Outlook include: With the First Division: Winter 1917-1918, by Lieut. Richard A. Newhall; the Great Loyalty in America, by Professor William E. Dodd; Italy's Achievement in the Great War, by Dr. P. V. B. Jones; and a Course for the Better Understanding of Latin-America, by Professor Beverley W. Bond. Articles in the November number are: the German Press and the War, by Dr. Victor S. Clark; China since 1914, by Professor Kenneth S. Latourette; Serbia's Work in the Great War, by Allan M. Gale; and Anglo-American Diplomatic Relations during the Last Half-Century, by Dr. Charles H. Levermore. The December number has another of the series of articles by participants in the war, entitled "Over There" in Siberia, by Capt. Laurence B. Packard, and a good paper by Professor A. H. Buffington on British and French Imperialism in North America. Completing with this number the tenth volume of the excellent and most useful magazine which he has edited under the names of the History Teacher's Magazine and the Historical Outlook, Professor McKinley takes occasion to present a group of very interesting surveys, by various competent hands, of ten years' progress in the teaching of history and other historical activities. Briefly, and without yielding to the temptation to comment on each of the eight surveys, it may be said that they present an encouraging record of advancement.

History for October has an article on the Dawn of the French Renaissance by Mr. Edward Armstrong and one on Nationality by Mr. Ernest Barker. The ecclesiastical policy of Diocletian and that of Constantine are considered by Miss Alice Gardner. Those interested in the progress of historical research in the English universities will obtain a notion of

General 331

its course from a section containing lists of theses and publications accepted for higher degrees and of essays by graduates to which university prizes have been awarded, in the case of the universities of Leeds, London, and Manchester. More than one hundred such studies are listed. The lists for Cambridge, Liverpool, and Oxford may be expected in the next number.

We are informed by Father Hippolyte Delehaye, S. J., president of the Society of Bollandists, that he and his associates intend to resume publication of the *Analecta Bollandiana*, interrupted in 1914 before the issue of fasc. 4 of vol. XXXIII., and to maintain it if a sufficient number of subscriptions can be secured. The price of subscription is 20 francs per annum. Subscriptions should be addressed, Société des Bollandistes, 22 Boulevard St. Michel, Brussels.

Ludo Moritz Hartmann has undertaken to edit a Weltgeschichte in Gemeinverständlicher Darstellung (Gotha, Perthes), which will extend to at least twelve volumes. The first and the third volume have been published. In the first appear the editor's introduction, a geographical introduction by E. Hanslik, the section on prehistoric times by E. Kohn, and the account of the ancient East by E. G. Klauber. The editor and J. Kromayer have co-operated in writing the third volume, which deals with Roman history.

Further issues in the S. P. C. K. series of Helps for Students of History are a pamphlet on The Wanderings and Homes of Manuscripts, by Dr. Montagu R. James, two lectures on ecclesiastical records, by Rev. Claude Jenkins, librarian of Lambeth Palace, and An Introduction to the History of American Diplomacy, by Professor Carl R. Fish of Wisconsin. The same publishing society announces Christian Inscriptions, by H. C. V. Nunn, in its series of Texts for Students; and volumes on The Parish Gilds of Medieval England, by H. F. Westlake, custodian of Westminster Abbey, on The Cistercians in Yorkshire, by J. S. Fletcher, and on The Reformation in Ireland, by H. Holloway.

The Census of Fifteenth Century Books owned in America compiled by a committee of the Bibliographical Society of America and printed in installments by the New York Public Library in its Bulletin has now been assembled in a handsome volume of xxiv + 245 pages. The volume, which can be obtained from the library named, is the result of some twenty years' labor on the part of various librarians, bibliographers, and scholars. The data are derived from 169 public and 246 private collections, and report over 13,200 copies of more than 6600 titles. The catalogue is greatly abridged, the title-entries being confined to the fewest words that will identify the book, but is so comprehensive, so careful, and so well arranged (Hain's order is in general followed) that it will be exceedingly helpful to all students that need to use fifteenth-century books, of which it discloses a surprisingly large store in America.

A new work by Professor J. B. Bury, The Idea of Progress, an Inquiry into its Origin and Growth, will shortly be published in London by Messrs. Macmillan.

Professor George F. Moore of Harvard University has added to his *History of Religions* a second volume (Scribner) dealing with Judaism, Mohammedanism, and Christianity. The first volume, which treated of the ancient religions other than Judaism, was published in 1913.

Gabriel Hanotaux of the French Academy discusses a considerable range of topics of concern to the historian in an illuminating manner in the volume entitled L'Histoire et les Historiens, le Théâtre et la Guerre (Paris, Conard, 1919).

Lord Bryce's *Democracy* (Macmillan) relates especially to democratic achievements in Australia, New Zealand, and France, but also has chapters dealing with the South American republics, Switzerland, the United States, Canada, and the republics of antiquity.

The March number of the Ohio History Teachers' Journal is devoted entirely to the League of Nations, comprising three articles, namely: European Precedents for a League of Nations, by Clarence Perkins, American Precedents for a League of Nations, by Carl Wittke, the Monroe Doctrine and the League of Nations, by Homer C. Hockett, together with the text of the covenant as announced April 27, 1919, with notes pointing out changes made in the covenant as originally drafted.

The Grotius Society has published a monograph on *International Rivers*, by a young Belgian scholar, Mr. George Kaeckenbeeck.

The Carnegie Endowment for International Peace expects to publish soon a comprehensive study of the theory and history of plebiscites, entitled *The Doctrine of National Self Determination*, by Miss Sarah Wambaugh of Radcliffe College.

Industry and Trade, by Professors A. L. Bishop and A. G. Keller (Boston, Ginn, pp. 426, with many excellent illustrations), is a high-school or college text-book which presents an intelligent descriptive account of American industries and American trade and commerce taken up in a historical way though not in a historical order of arrangement.

A first volume of a history of the development of arms is entitled A Record of European Arms and Armour (London, Bell), by Sir Guy Laking. The work will occupy five volumes.

The July and October numbers of the Catholic Historical Review are combined in one issue. The main contents are four articles of exceptional interest: one by Professor Charles E. Chapman on Father Fermin de Lasuén; one by Father V. F. O'Daniel on Cuthbert Fenwick of early Maryland; one by Professor Laurence M. Larson on the Church in North America (Greenland) in the Middle Ages; and one by Father

John Rothensteiner on Father Paul de Saint Pierre (Heiligenstein?), successively pastor of Cahokia, Ste. Genevieve, and Iberville, 1785–1826, the first German-American priest of the West. Among the documents is a journal of Bishop Purcell, 1833–1836.

The American Jewish Historical Society will hold its twenty-eighth annual meeting in New York on February 22 and 23.

The Journal of Negro History in its October number presents brief articles by E. Ethelred Brown on Labor Conditions in Jamaica prior to 1917, and by M. N. Work on the Life of Charles B. Ray. A longer paper on the Slave in Upper Canada, by Justice W. R. Riddell of the supreme court of Ontario, is reprinted with documents from the Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada for last May. The editor prints some fifty more pages of letters of negro migrants, 1916–1918, very instructive as to recent conditions in all parts of the South.

ANCIENT HISTORY

The keeper of the Egyptian and Assyrian antiquities in the British Museum, Dr. E. A. Wallis Budge, tells the story of seventeen interesting missions to the East, in quest of archaeological objects and manuscripts, in two volumes of *Travels in Egypt and Mesopotamia in Search of Antiquities*, 1886–1913 (London, Murray).

Ludwig Borchardt in Die Annalen und die Zeitliche Festlegung des Alten Reiches der Aegyptischen Geschichte (Berlin, Behrend, 1917, pp. 64, plates 8, folio) edits the Palermo stone and four supplementary fragments of inscriptions, recently discovered, all dating from the fifth dynasty. On the basis of these, in part, he fixes a new date for the Sirius era at 4236 B. C., and dates the beginning of the dynasties as follows: first, 4186; third, 3642; sixth, 2920; twelfth, 1996–1993. Marie Mogensen has edited the Stèles Egyptiennes au Musée National de Stockholm (Copenhagen, Höst, 1919).

Professor Albert T. Clay of Yale University has published a work of high importance on *The Empire of the Amorites* (New Haven, Yale University Press, 1919, pp. 192; reviewed by A. T. Olmstead, *American Journal of Theology*, October, 1919, pp. 525-527).

E. Cavaignac has completed his *Histoire de l'Antiquité* by the publication of the second part of the first volume entitled *Javan: l'Orient et les Grecs* (Paris, Boccard, 1919), which contains the critical discussions and various materials on which were based the conclusions set forth in the narrative in the first part of the volume. An index to all three volumes of the work will be issued shortly in a supplementary volume.

An important study of Die Liturgie: Studien zur Ptolemäischen und Kaiserlichen Verwaltung Aegyptens (Leipzig, Teubner, 1917, pp. viii, 452) is by Friedrich Oertel.

The Memoirs of the American Academy in Rome, published jointly by the university presses of Harvard and Yale, contain papers by members of the School of Fine Arts and of the School of Classical Studies. Of papers of an historical character, vol. I. contains one on the Reorganization of the Roman Priesthoods at the Beginning of the Republic, by the late Dr. Jesse B. Carter, and one on the Military Indebtedness of Early Rome to Etruria, by Eugene S. McCartney. Vol. II. has a paper by Miss Lucy G. Roberts on the Gallic Fire and Roman Archives.

Miss Elsie S. Jenison prints a Columbia University dissertation on *The History of the Province of Sicily* (Boston, the Colonial Press, 1919, pp. 125) in which, without neglecting political events, she makes it her main endeavor to show the economic, social, and cultural history of the province. Despite the meagreness of the materials at many points, she has dealt competently with her theme and made a useful contribution to knowledge.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: E. F. Weidner, Studien zur Assyrisch-Babylonischen Chronologie und Geschichte auf Grund Neuer Funde (Mitteilungen der Vorderasiatischen Gesellschaft, XX. 4); F. M. T. Böhl, Die Könige von Genesis 14. (Zeitschrift für die Alttestamentliche Wissenschaft, XXXVI. 2); C. F. Lehmann-Haupt, Zur Herkunft des Alphabets, I. (Zeitschrift der Deutschen Morgenländischen Gesellschaft, LXXIII. 1); J. P. Peters, The Home of the Semites (Journal of the American Oriental Society, October); U. Kahrstedt, Die Spartanische Agrarwirtschaft (Hermes, LIV. 3); M. Streck, Seleucia und Ktesiphon (Der Alte Orient, XVI. 3); G. Plaumann, Der Idioslogos, Untersuchungen zur Finanzverwaltung Aegyptens in Hellenistischer und Römischer Zeit (Abhandlungen der Preussischen Akademie der Wissenschaften, 1918, XVII.); V. Costanzi, Osservazioni sulla Terza Guerra Sannitica (Rivista di Filologia, XLVII. 2); G. Ferrero, La Ruine de la Civilisation Antique (Revue des Deux Mondes, September 15); M. Piroutet, Contribution à l'Étude des Celtes, I. (L'Anthropologie, XXIX. 3).

EARLY CHURCH HISTORY

A new scheme of chronology of the life of St. Paul is presented by D. Plooij in *De Chronologie van het Leven van Paulus* (Leiden, Brill, 1918, pp. viii, 195; reviewed by M. Jones in *Expositor*, August). *Paulus und die Mystik seiner Zeit* (Leipzig, Deichert, 1918, pp. iii, 123) is the subject of a study by K. Deissner.

P. Batiffol has issued a collection of Études de Liturgie et d'Archéologie Chrétienne (Paris, Gabalda, 1919, pp. vi, 330).

As a Princeton doctoral dissertation Dr. Herbert T. Weiskotten publishes Sancti Augustini Vita, scripta a Possidio Episcopo (Princeton University Press, 1919, pp. 174), embracing an introduction, a revised text based on the collation of many manuscripts, a translation, and adequate notes.

MEDIEVAL HISTORY

A brief account of *The Order of St. John of Jerusalem, Past and Present* (London, Skeffington, 1919, pp. 160) has been written by Rose G. Kingsley.

G. Golubovich covers the period 1300-1332 in the third volume of his Biblioteca Bio-bibliografica della Terra Santa e dell' Oriente Francescano (Quaracchi, 1919, pp. viii, 496). Éléments d'une Bibliographie Française de la Syrie (Paris, Champion, 1919, pp. xx, 528) is a somewhat similar undertaking in the same field by Paul Masson.

Dr. Theodore O. Wedel's *The Medieval Attitude toward Astrology*, particularly in England (Yale University Press, pp. 189), is a valuable contribution to the history of medieval thought and of the conflict between science and theology.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: M. Krammer, Zum Textproblem der Lex Salica: eine Erwiderung (Neues Archiv der Gesellschaft für Aeltere Deutsche Geschichtskunde, XLI. 1); O. von Gierke et al., Gutachtliche Aeusserungen über Krammers Ausgabe der Lex Salica (ibid., XLI. 2); E. Heymann, Zur Textkritik der Lex Salica (ibid.); B. W. Wells, Alcuin the Teacher (Constructive Quarterly, September); J. B. Chabot, Édesse pendant la Première Croisade (Comptes Rendus de l'Académie des Inscriptions et Belles-Lettres, November, 1918).

MODERN EUROPEAN HISTORY

General review: Some New Sources of European History [diplomatic and political "revelations", on 1887–1914] (New Europe, November 20, 27, December 4).

In Der Gedanke der Internationalen Organisation in seiner Entwicklung, 1300–1800 (the Hague, Nijhoff, 1917, pp. xi, 397), Dr. Jacob ter Meulen (one of the editors of Grotius) undertakes two important surveys, one of the development of the idea of internationalism, the other of the individual plans of international organization proposed in the centuries indicated.

There has been issued as one of the publications of the Spanish school at Rome the first volume of La Liga de Lepanto entre España, Venecia, y la Santa Sede, 1570–1573; Ensayo Histórico á Base de Documentos Diplomáticos (Madrid, Imp. de la Revista de Archivos, 1918, pp. viii, 396), by L. Serrano.

L. Engerand brings out many interesting facts in L'Opinion Publique dans les Provinces Rhénanes et en Belgique, 1789-1815 (Paris, Bossard, 1919).

Sir Plunket Barton, Bart., whose Bernadotte: the First Phase, was published in 1914, now brings out a continuation, Bernadotte and Napoleon, 1799-1810 (London, Murray),

The second volume of E. Daudet's La France et l'Allemagne après le Congrès de Berlin (Paris, Plon, 1919, pp. 292) deals with the mission of the Baron de Courcel. L'Alliance Franco-Russe, les Origines et les Résultats (Paris, Alcan, 1919) is the subject of an exposition by H. Welschinger.

The standing of its author, the Austrian professor Heinrich Friedjung, will cause the highest expectations to be entertained respecting his latest book, Das Zeitalter des Imperialismus, 1884–1914 (Berlin, Neufeld and Henius, 2 vols.), treating of the political preliminaries of the war and the general history of the world in the generation preceding it. Vol. I. has appeared.

In the archives of Brussels the German authorities found a mass of manifolded circulars in which, through the eighteen years preceding the war, the Belgian foreign office kept its diplomatic representatives informed, by extracts from each other's despatches, of whatever was important in relation to the general European situation. The present German government has published in five volumes, *Zur Europäischen Politik*, 1897–1914 (Berlin, Hobbing, 1919), edited by Bernard Schwertfeger, the French text of such of these as illustrate Germany's position in the years named. "Objektivität" is of course claimed, though the printing in black-faced type of the sentences especially favorable to Germany produces a disagreeable effect; but the material is, from its nature and origin, of much importance to the study of recent diplomatic history.

In September last the Danish government issued a White Book containing the documents relating to the discussions of 1906–1907 between Captain Luetken, representing the Danish premier and minister of defense, and General von Moltke, chief of the German General Staff, regarding the position of Denmark (parallel to that of Belgium) in the event of war; also conversations between King Christian IX. and the German emperor in 1903, and between King Edward VII. and Count Frijs in 1908.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: S. Ehses, Briefe vom Trienter Konzil unter Pius IV. (Historisches Jahrbuch, XXXVII. 1); K. Colegrove, Diplomatic Procedure preliminary to the Congress of Westphalia (American Journal of International Law, July); Admiral Sir Reginald Custance, R. N., The Freedom of the Seas (U. S. Naval Institute Proceedings, November); W. R. Shepherd, The Expansion of Europe, III. (Political Science Quarterly, September); Alice Galimberti, Giuseppe Mazzini nel Pensiero Inglese (Nuova Antologia, July 1); H. Prentout, La Politique Anglaise et la Politique Française dans la Question des Duchés (Revue des Études Napoléoniennes, September); P. Darmstaedter, Die Vorgeschichte der Russisch-Französischen Allianz, 1891–1894 (Preussische Jahrbücher, June); Viscount Haldane, Some Recol-

lections: Conversations with Kaiser and Chancellor (Atlantic Monthly, October); O. Kende, Die Donaustrasse (Weltwirtschaftliches Archiv, July, 1917).

THE GREAT WAR

The Royal Library of Belgium is endeavoring to make a collection of books, pamphlets, periodicals, newspapers, cartoons, etc., relating to the war, and it is especially desirous of gathering as much American material as possible. Inasmuch as the library was unable during the German occupation to make any such collections, it is hoped that Americans who have material that may be of interest will be willing to offer it for permanent preservation in Brussels. Such material should be sent to the Hon. Louis de Sadeleer, minister of state of Belgium, in care of the Belgian Consulate, 25 Madison Avenue, New York.

Messrs. Macmillan announce the first volume of the British Official History of the War, covering the military operations in the western theatre down to December, 1914, by Hon. John W. Fortescue.

An important addition just made to the Carnegie Endowment's "Preliminary Economic Studies of the War", is a volume of 338 pages by Professor Ernest L. Bogart on Direct and Indirect Costs of the Great World War.

The Macmillan Company has brought out *The Story of the Great War*, a small, compact book by Professor Roland G. Usher.

The Naval War College has issued a volume of International Law Documents: Neutrality; Breaking of Diplomatic Relations; War; with Notes; 1917 (Washington, Government Printing Office). The collection embraces many principal documents relating to the Great War. They are arranged chronologically within an alphabetical arrangement of states. Documents issued in foreign languages are given in an English translation.

Professor Charles Seymour's *The Diplomatic Background of the War* (Yale University Press, 1916) has been published in a French translation, *Les Antécédents de la Guerre* (Paris, Sirey).

The Outbreak of the War of 1914–18 (H. M. Stationery Office, 1919, pp. 146) is an authoritative official narrative, based mainly on British official documents, and put together by the competent hands of Professor C. W. C. Oman.

Part 1, June 28-July 23, 1914 (pp. 139), of the Austrian Red Book, Diplomatische Aktenstücke zur Vorgeschichte des Krieges, mentioned in our last number, has now arrived, and proves to be of great importance and interest, containing many new and important documents which reveal with startling clearness the personal responsibility of Count Berchtold for the Austrian declaration of war against Serbia, making his

deception of the Emperor Francis Joseph appear far more daring and cynical than Bismarck's use of the Ems despatch. The documents also throw light on the question of the alleged Potsdam conference of July 5, 1914. Still further revelations are to be found in Das Wiener Kabinet und die Entstehung des Krieges (Wien, Siedel, 1919), by R. Gooss, which fixes the date of Kaiser Wilhelm's decision as July 5, but seems to indicate that there was no conference on that date. Especial attention is given to the Balkan situation on the eve of the assassination of the Archduke Franz Ferdinand, indicating that a reorganization of the Balkan league was defeated through intrigues with Rumania. Additional information on the fateful twelve days is also presented.

The minister Dr. Karl Helfferich's Die Vorgeschichte des Weltkrieges, mentioned heretofore in these pages, has now been followed by a continuation entitled Vom Kriegsausbruch bis zum uneingeschränkten U-Bootskrieg (Berlin, Ullstein). Other recent books contributory to political understanding of the war and its origins are Chancellor von Hertling's Erinnerungen aus meinem Leben (3 vols.), H. von Eckardstein's Diplomatische Enthüllungen zum Ursprung des Weltkrieges: Bruchstücke aus meinen Politischen Denkwürdigkeiten, and Eduard Bernstein's Erinnerungen eines Sozialisten, I., Aus den Jahren meines Exils. Of a more military character, and casting some light on general staff operations before the war, are the Erlebnisse und Betrachtungen aus der Zeit des Weltkrieges of General von Stein, quartermastergeneral and minister of war.

A volume of despatches of Field-Marshal the Earl Haig, with a number of military maps, has been edited by Lieut.-Col. J. H. Boraston. Messrs. E. P. Dutton and Company are the American publishers.

General von Falkenhayn's General Headquarters, 1914–1916, and its Critical Decisions, is on the point of publication in English translation by Messrs. Hutchinson of London. They also have in the press Australian Victories in France, 1918, illustrated, by Sir John Monash, chief commander of the Australian troops.

Der Grosse Krieg in Einzeldarstellungen herausgegeben im Auftrage des Generalstabes des Feldheeres (Oldenburg, Stalling) is an extensive series of monographs on the various battles and campaigns of the war, one of which, Lüttich-Namur, was mentioned in our last issue.

Sir A. Conan Doyle's fifth volume, The British Campaigns in France and Flanders, January to July, 1918, was published in September (Hodder and Stoughton). Mr. Edmund Daines's two volumes on The British Campaigns in the Nearer East and his volume entitled The British Campaigns in Africa and the Pacific (id.) are intended to form the complement to that series.

Die Marneschlacht, 1914 (Leipzig, Lippold) is an authoritative dis-

cussion of the battle and the German plans by General Baumgarten-Crusius, commander of the German Third Army. Maj. Eugen Bircher of the Swiss General Staff has made a study of *Die Schlacht an der Marne* (Bern, Haupt, 1918, pp. 287); Lieutenant-Colonel Rousset, of La Bataille de l'Aisne (Brussels, Van Oest, 1919); and J. de Pierrefeu, of La Deuxième Bataille de la Marne (Paris, Renaissance du Livre, 1919). General Malleterre's fifth and final volume of Études et Impressions de Guerre is devoted to La Bataille de Libération et la Victoire, 1918 (Paris, Tallandier, 1919, pp. 358).

Mr. Sisley Huddleston was the Paris correspondent of the Westminster Gazette during the peace conference. His Peace-making at Paris (London, Fisher Unwin) is produced by refashioning the material of his daily articles, and can of course make but a partial and in a sense ephemeral contribution to history, but it is an early and good book of its kind.

Le Traité de Paix (Paris, Fasquelle, 1919, pp. 256), by Louis Barthou, is his report as chairman of committee to the Chamber of Deputies. Other French accounts and discussions of the treaty are Le Pacte de 1919 et la Société des Nations (ibid.) by Léon Bourgeois; Le Traité de Versailles du 28 Juin 1919, l'Allemagne et l'Europe (Paris, Plon, 1919, pp. 368) by G. Hanotaux; and the anonymous Le Traité de Versailles (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1919).

F. Maurette has prepared a useful Atlas de la Paix, 1914-1919: la France, l'Europe, le Monde avant et après la Guerre (Paris, Hachette, 1919, 38 maps).

Lieut.-Col. H. P. Picot, who was British officer in charge of interned troops in Switzerland, writes of their life and organization and of the work of the Swiss government on behalf of prisoners of war in With the British Interned in Switzerland (London, Arnold).

The personnel of the successive French ministries during the war is depicted by M. Laurent in L'Organisation de la Victoire: Nos Gouvernements de Guerre, Viviani, Briand, Ribot, Painlevé, Clemenceau (Paris, Alcan, 1919). Not only military but also social and political matters are subjected to consideration by Lieutenant-Colonel de Thomasson in Le Revers de 1914 et ses Causes (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1919). In Nivelle et Painlevé (Paris, Ollendorff, 1919, pp. 250) by Mermeix will be found new materials of the highest significance relating to the political situation and the military misfortunes of 1917. Important documents on the subject are published by Commandant Civrieux in L'Offensive Franco-Britannique de 1917 et le Commandement du Général Nivelle (Brussels, Van Oest, 1919). The former premier Paul Painlevé presents his point of view in La Vérité sur l'Offensive du 16 Avril 1917 (Paris, Renaissance, 1919, pp. 112), and exposes the circumstances surrounding the appointments of Foch and Pétain to the chief commands.

Le Rôle de la Cavalerie Française à l'Aile Gauche de la Première Bataille de la Marne (Paris, Perrin, 1919) is by one of the actors, J. Héthay. General Puypéroux has given an account of La 3^e Division Coloniale dans la Grande Guerre, 1914–1919 (Paris, Fournier, 1919, pp. 232). A. Séché has had unusual advantages in the employment of official reports and other documents in preparing Les Noirs (Paris, Payot, 1919), an account of the black troops in the French army, during the Great War.

Captain Dutil has furnished an account of Les Chars d'Assaut: leur Création et leur Rôle pendant la Guerre, 1915-1918 (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1919, pp. 296). The same theme is dealt with by P. Lestringuet in Sous l'Armure: les Chars d'Assaut Français pendant la Guerre (Paris, Renaissance du Livre, 1919).

A brief survey of the services of La Marine Française pendant la Grande Guerre (Paris, Larousse, 1919, pp. 224) has been prepared by G. Clerc-Rampal. The lively narrative of the personal experiences of F. Darde bears the title, Souvenirs de Chasse aux Sous-marins Allemands, les Patrouilles du Contre-torpilleur "Fanion" (Paris, Perrin, 1919). Among other contributions to the naval history of the war the following are of special interest: La Bataille Navale du Jutland, 31 Mai 1916 (Paris, Payot, 1919, pp. 192), by Captain de Parseval; Quatre Années de Guerre Sous-marine (Paris, Plon, 1919, pp. xvi, 336), by Commandant E. Vedel; and La Guerre Sous-marine et l'Espagne (Lyons, Lardanchet, 1919), by F. Vézinet.

The Secret Corps: a Tale of Intelligence on all Fronts (London, Murray), by Captain Ferdinand Tuohy, is an authentic and detailed record of intelligence work in many countries during the late war.

Dr. Lucien-Graux has added three volumes to the two earlier ones on Les Fausses Nouvelles de la Grande Guerre (Paris, Édition Française Illustrée, 1919), thus completing the work to the close of hostilities.

The Pipes of War, by Col. Sir Bruce Seton, Bart., and John Grant, announced for publication by Messrs. MacLehose, Jackson, and Company of Glasgow, is a record of the achievements of pipers of Scottish and overseas regiments during the Great War, to which additional interest is lent by the fact that some five hundred pipers were killed, and at least six hundred others wounded, while endeavoring to carry on the ancient traditions of their service.

L'Aisne pendant la Grande Guerre (Paris, Alcan, 1919) by Gabriel Hanotaux is the fourth volume of a series entitled La France Dévastée, in which there are also volumes on Lorraine by M. Barrès and on Alsace by Abbé E. Wetterlé. General Percin's Lille (Paris, Grasset, 1919) is devoted mainly to a careful presentation of the situation and events in August, 1914, with a purpose of justification. J. Hélot, presi-

dent of the chamber of commerce of Cambrai, has written Cinquante Mois sous le Joug Allemand, l'Occupation Allemande à Cambrai et dans le Cambrésis (Paris, Plon, 1919, pp. ii, 595), while the archbishop of Cambrai, Mgr. Chollet, plans no less than six volumes on the subject with special reference to his own acts and attitude, under the title Pro Aris et Focis, of which Mon Copie de Lettres (Cambrai, Masson, 1919) has appeared. The whole question of the relations of the Church in France during the war is surveyed by F. Rouvier in En Ligne, l'Église de France pendant la Grande Guerre, 1914–1918 (Paris, Perrin, 1919).

Arthur Toupine, La Guerre et la Vérité, traduit par O. W. Milosz (Paris, Éditions de l'Affranchi, 201 Boulevard Périre, 1919, pp. 221), is a partial translation of Latvju Tauta Karâ (1917). The author, a prominent Lettish patriot and littérateur, was an officer in the Lettish Volunteers of the old Russian army. His description of the exploits of these units during the years 1915–1917 is a noteworthy contribution to the history of the war on the eastern front, and to the history of the Lettish national movement.

Eugen, Graf Ledebur-Wicheln, has published the official documents relating to the *Friedensvertrag mit Rumänien* (Vienna, Manz, 1918, pp. 124) together with an account of the Austrian occupation of Rumania, of the negotiations, and of Rumania's economic outlook.

Deutschland und Armenien, 1914–1918: Sammlung Diplomatischer Aktenstücke (Berlin, 1919) is a collection of 444 documents permitted by the present German government to be published, and declared to contain all the necessary material in the archives of the Berlin foreign office and the German embassy in Constantinople for understanding the German course with respect to the conduct of the Turks towards the Armenians.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: L. Madelin, La Bataille de France, I.-V. (Revue des Deux Mondes, August 15-October 15); C. Photiades, La Victoire des Alliés en Orient, I. (Revue de Paris, September 15); Rear-Adm. W. S. Sims, The Victory at Sea, I.-IV. (World's Work, September, October, November, December); Lieut.-Commander H. H. Frost, U. S. N., A Description of the Battle of Jutland, I. (U. S. Naval Institute Proceedings, November); H. F. Wright, The Pope and the War (American Catholic Quarterly Review, April); A. H. Snow, The Shantung Question and Spheres of Influence (Nation, September 20).

(See also pp. 357-358)

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

The *Third Report* of the Royal Commission on Public Records, completed in draft as far back as June, 1916, but delayed by the war, has now appeared and will no doubt before long be received in America. We understand that it completes the report of this commission, whose

work marks, or if properly followed up by action should mark, an era in the history of British archives.

Messrs. Bell are to publish a volume by Dr. Montagu Sharpe, entitled Middlesex in British, Roman, and Saxon Times.

In the October number of the English Historical Review (pp. 505-579) Dr. William Farrer's Outline Itinerary of King Henry I. is completed.

A valuable contribution to the materials for parliamentary history is made by Josiah C. Wedgwood, M.P., in *Collections for a History of Staffordshire: Staffordshire Parliamentary History*, vol. I., 1213–1603 (Harrison and Sons). Tendencies in the history of elections are illustrated by a study of the "knights and burgesses sent up from Staffordshire... their positions and associations, their patrons, and how far they had to fight for their seats".

The Red Register of King's Lynn, vol. I. (King's Lynn, Thew and Son, pp. xxiii, 284), edited by Mr. Holcombe Ingleby, M.P. for the borough, is mainly a record of transactions of the corporation in the fourteenth century, but the minutes and ordinances of the mayor and commonalty have been reserved for a second volume.

An account of *Sir Thomas Exmewe*, Lord Mayor of London in 1517, by Rev. L. H. O. Pryce, is published by the Cambrian Archaeological Society.

The Making of Modern Wales: Studies in the Tudor Settlement of Wales (Macmillan, pp. viii, 336), by W. Llewellyn Williams, recorder of Cardiff, supplements previous accounts of several important aspects of Welsh history, notably the decay of Catholicism, and the King's Court of Great Sessions.

A Century of Persecution under Tudor and Stuart Sovereigns, from Contemporary Records at Loseley, is the title of a volume by Rev. St. George Kieran Hyland, presenting hitherto unpublished material on this subject, announced by the Broadway House, London.

Messrs. Longmans announce a first volume on The English Catholics in the Reign of Queen Elizabeth by Rev. J. Hungerford Pollen, S. J., which deals with the period 1558-1580.

The Oxford University Press publishes for the British Academy the ninth of the Academy's annual Shakespeare lectures, delivered last July by Sir A. W. Ward, on *Shakespeare and the Makers of Virginia* (pp. 47), in which he discusses with much learning the field and the conclusions of Professor Gayley's recent book.

The Riddle of the Ruthvens and Other Studies (Edinburgh, W. Green and Son, pp. xiii, 544) is a collection of essays by William

Roughead, reprinted from the Scottish Historical Review and the Juridical Review.

Seventeenth-Century Life in the Country Parish, with special reference to Local Government (Cambridge University Press) is a careful study based mainly on contemporary records of the North Riding of Yorkshire, by Eleanor Trotter.

Miss Myra Reynolds, a professor in the University of Chicago, in *The Learned Lady in England, 1650–1760* (Houghton Mifflin) illustrates skillfully and with great knowledge an interesting episode in the history of English literature, culture, and social life.

Dr. E. M. Dicey and Professor R. S. Rait have collaborated on a book entitled *Thoughts on the Act of Union between England and Scotland* (Macmillan).

The Skilled Labourer, 1760–1832 (Longmans), by J. L. and Barbara Hammond, is a supplementary volume to *The Town Labourer*, by these authors. The miners of Durham and Northumberland and the textile workers are dealt with.

A History of Trade Unionism by Sidney and Beatrice Webb, announced by Messrs. Longmans, is a new edition of their earlier work, rewritten, with added chapters on trade-unions since 1890.

Mr. G. M. Trevelyan has written a biography of Earl Grey of the Reform Bill, which Messrs. Longmans have in press.

Among the important British biographical works published during the autumn, the chief place perhaps belongs to The Life of Lord Kitchener of Khartoum, by his private secretary, Sir George Arthur (Macmillan, 3 vols.); Patron and Place Hunter, a Study of George Bubb Dodington, Lord Melcombe, by Lloyd Sanders (John Lane); The Life of William Booth, the Founder of the Salvation Army, by Harold Begbie (Macmillan, 2 vols.); A History of John Redmond's Last Years, by Mr. Stephen Gwynn (Edward Arnold); and The Correspondence of the Hon. Emily Eden, 1814–1863 (Macmillan).

How the War Came (London, Methuen) by Earl Loreburn (formerly lord chancellor, and before that Sir Robert Reid) is in substance an able and severe arraignment of the foreign policy pursued by Sir Edward Grey from 1905 to 1914.

The Scottish Historical Review for October has for its chief contents an article on the Orkney Townships by Mr. J. S. Clouston; also one by Messrs. R. W. Chambers and W. W. Seton on Bellenden's translation of the history of Scotland by Hector Boece.

Volume I. of A History of Glasgow by Robert Renwick, covering the pre-Reformation period, is announced for publication by MacLehose, Jackson, and Company.

The Book of the Lewis (Paisley, Gardner), by W. C. Mackenzie, is not a systematic narrative but is made up of chapters on the antiquities, the civilization, and the history of the Outer Hebrides.

Phases of Irish History by Eoin [i. e., John] MacNeill, professor of ancient Irish history in the National University of Ireland (Dublin, M. H. Gill and Son, pp. 364), is a body of twelve lectures on aspects of the period before 1400.

Mr. George O'Brien, working backward from the period treated in his previous volume, has now brought out a book on *The Economic History of Ireland in the Seventeenth Century* (London and Dublin, Maunsel, pp. viii, 283).

The Victorian Historical Magazine for July, 1919, contains articles by Thomas O'Callaghan on the Origin of Postal Services in New South Wales, and the Extension of the System to Port Phillip; by A. Rogers, on the Development of Railway Signalling in Victoria; and, of especial interest to American readers, by Rev. C. Stuart Ross, on "Two American Types that left their Stamp on Victorian History"—George Francis Train of Boston, who was in Melbourne in 1853–1856; and John S. Cheney of Manchester, Conn., who was in Victoria from 1853 to 1864.

British government publications: Annals of Ulster, vol. IV., A. D. 431-1131, 1155-1541; Dardanelles Commission Final Report, pt. II., Conduct of Operations.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Carl Stephenson, The Aids of English Boroughs (English Historical Review, October); W. Senior, Admiralty Matters in the Fifteenth Century (Law Quarterly Review, October); W. Muss-Arnolt, Puritan Efforts and Struggles, 1550–1603, a Bio-bibliographical Study, II. (American Journal of Theology, October); J. Hashagen, Zur Ideengeschichte des Englischen Imperialismus (Weltwirtschaftliches Archiv, August, 1917).

FRANCE

By a decree signed by President Poincaré, there has been created in the Ministry of Marine in Paris a "Service Historique" attached to the General Staff. Its offices are in the annex of the ministry, 3 Avenue Octave-Gréard. All the books, records, archives, manuscripts, maps, and charts possessed by the ministry, relating to the history of the French navy down to and including the Great War, have been concentrated there. The personnel of the Service Historique includes three naval officers and two historians, the officer in charge being Capitaine-defrégate R. Castex. Their duty is to make the best possible use, by scientific historical methods, of all this wealth of material. Closely allied with this historical section is the Revue Maritime, official journal of the French navy, which will resume publication this month, under the editorship of Capitaine-de-corvette Millot.

France 345

An extended work, which will be completed in five volumes, dealing with Les Étrangers en France sous l'Ancien Régime, Histoire de la Formation de la Population Française, is being published by J. Mathorez. Various chapters have appeared from time to time in historical reviews. The first volume (Paris, Champion, 1919, pp. 400) deals with the causes of alien migrations and filtrations into France and also contains the sections relating to the Oriental and other extra-European elements which have entered into the French population.

Professor Victor Delbos of the Sorbonne has published an excellent historical survey of La Philosophie Française (Paris, Plon, 1919).

C. Enlart has issued a revised edition of the first volume of his Manuel d'Archéologie Française depuis les Temps Mérovingiens jusqu'à la Renaissance (Paris, Picard, 1919, pp. cviii, 458) dealing with ecclesiastical architecture in the Merovingian, Carolingian, and Romanesque periods.

A life of Saint Sigisbert, Roi d'Austrasie, 630-656 (Paris, Gabalda, 1919) has been written by Abbé Guise for the series Les Saints.

La Communauté des Maîtres Chirurgiens de Poitiers, 1410-1792 (Paris, Champion, 1919, pp. 265) is the subject of a monograph by Pierre Rambaud.

Baron Henry de Woelmont has prepared a convenient manual of Les Marquis Français, Nomenclature de toutes les Familles Françaises subsistantes ou éteintes depuis l'Année 1864, portant le Titre de Marquis, avec l'Indication de l'Origine de leurs Titres (Paris, Champion, 1919, pp. v, 175). There are listed 220 marquisates legally conferred in France between 1505 and 1910; fifty titles conferred by foreign sovereigns on families now domiciled in France; and seventy-one courtesy titles. In addition to these 341 legitimate titles, the list includes 646 titles which have been usurped.

On his death in 1917, Dr. Louis Beurnier, the last scion of an old family of Montbéliard, bequeathed most of his property to his native city. The mass of family papers is rich in interest for local history during the last two centuries, and occasionally there are documents of larger significance. Of Le Fonds Beurnier aux Archives Communales de Montbéliard, the municipal archivist, J. Mauveaux, has prepared an Inventaire Sommaire (Paris, Champion, 1919, pp. 78).

A new biography of Le Roi de la Vendée, François Athanase Charette, Lieutenant-Général de l'Armée Royale, 1763-1796 (Paris, Perrin, 1919), comes from the pen of Joseph Robin.

H. Welschinger has written for the series Les Saints an account of Les Martyrs de Septembre (Paris, Gabalda, 1919). An extended account of L'Église Constitutionelle et la Persécution Religieuse dans le Départe-

ment de la Drôme pendant la Révolution, 1790-1801 (Valence, Céas, 1919, pp. 452) is the work of Canon J. Chevalier. The latest contribution of E. Sevestre to the religious history of the Revolution is L'Enquête Ecclésiastique sur le Clergé de Normandie et du Maine de l'An IX. à l'An XIII. (Paris, Picard, 1918, pp. 232), of which the part now printed deals with the province of Maine.

Frédéric Masson has at last completed his voluminous study of Napoléon et sa Famille (vols. XII. and XIII., Paris, Ollendorff, 1919) with a volume on the careers of the several members of the family after Waterloo and another on the Saint Helena episode. He has also issued the missing volume of the series of four relating to Josephine, entitled Madame Bonaparte, 1796–1804 (ibid.).

The Société de l'Histoire des Colonies Françaises expects to issue during the present winter its volume of *Instructions aux Gouverneurs du Sénégal*, to be followed before long by a volume of documents on the relations of France with Indo-China during the reign of Louis Philippe, edited by Professor Henri Cordier.

Professor J. Bonnecase of the law faculty of the University of Bordeaux has made a contribution of no small value in La Notion de Droit en France au Dix-neuvième Siècle (Paris, Boccard, 1919).

Agadir, ma Politique Extérieure (Paris, Michel, 1919, pp. 256) by Joseph Caillaux is a somewhat prosaic narrative rather than the sensational account that might have been anticipated.

The second volume of J. Basdevant's Traités et Conventions en Vigueur entre la France et les Puissances Étrangères (Paris, Rousseau, 1919, pp. 830) contains the treaties with Spain and Italy. Materials relating to the years 1905–1906 are contained in the twenty-third volume of J. de Clercq's Recueil des Traités de la France (Paris, Pedone, 1919).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: H. Jassemin, Le Contrôle Financier en Bourgogne sous les Derniers Ducs Capétiens, 1274-1353 (Bibliothèque de l'École des Chartes, January, 1918); J. Tardif, Le Procès d'Enguerran de Coucy, I. (ibid.); P. Boissonnade, Les Finances de Charles IV. le Bel (Journal des Savants, May); J. Viard, La Cour et ses "Parlements" au XIV^e Siècle (Bibliothèque de l'École des Chartes, January, 1918); L. Cahen, La Population Parisienne au XVIII^e Siècle (Revue de Paris, September 1); A. Chuquet, Les Mémoires de Dumouriez (Compte Rendu de l'Académie des Sciences Morales et Politiques, August); F. Masson, Les Conspirations du Général Malet, I.-III. (Revue des Deux Mondes, September 1, 15, October 15); L. Pingaud, Le Dernier Roi de France [Comte de Chambord] (Revue de Paris, August 1); P. Adam, Un Grand Chef: le Général Mangin (Revue Hebdomadaire, October 18).

ITALY, SPAIN, AND PORTUGAL

Most of vol. XLII., fasc. 1-2, (in fact, 229 pp.) of the Archivio de la R. Società Romana di Storia Patria is occupied by a monograph on the schism of the antipope Laurentius (498-506), by Signor Roberto Cessi. The society has in preparation a general index to vols. XXVI.—XL. of this series. It has also begun the printing of an important volume by the late Marchese Alessandro Ferrajoli on La Congiura dei Cardinali contro il Pontefice Leone X., and the first volume of the Inscriptiones Christianae Urbis Romae, ed. Silvagni.

The Società Siciliana di Storia Patria has printed at Palermo as vol. XXIII. of its series of *Documenti* the first volume of a *Codice Diplomatico dei Re Aragonesi di Sicilia, 1282–1355*, edited by Cav. Dr. Giuseppe La Mantia. The first volume, the fruit of many years of research in Italian archives and those of Barcelona, contains the documents for 1282–1290 (Pedro I. and Jayme I.) with an elaborate introduction of more than 200 pages.

The learning and literary qualities which have always marked the work of Dr. Thomas F. Crane, formerly professor and dean in Cornell University, will cause students to look forward with much expectation to the reading of his *Italian Social Customs of the Sixteenth Century, and their Influence on the Literature of Europe*, shortly to be published by the Yale University Press.

La Madre di Giuseppe Mazzini: Carteggio Inedito del 1834-1839 (Turin, Bocca) is a volume of selected letters of Maria Mazzini found in the archives at Turin by Signor Alessandro Luzio and edited by him, together with unpublished letters of Mazzini to members of his family and to other friends. They afford an intimate acquaintance with the household at Genoa to which Mazzini writes from Switzerland and from London, especially the mother with whom his relations were so closely sympathetic.

Louis Hautecœur, formerly a member of the École Française de Rome, traces with intelligence the political history of Italy in war-time in L'Italie sous le Ministère Orlando (Paris, Bossard).

The late Professor Eduardo de Hinojosa had selected and edited a volume of *Documentos para la Historia de las Instituciones de León y de Castilla*, Siglos X.-XIII., which is now published (Madrid, Fortanet, 1919, pp. 217).

J. Deloffre has edited and published in the issues of the Revue Hispanique for October and December, 1918, the Historia de Carlos Quinto by Pero Mexia, historiographer to that monarch.

Count Romanones, formerly prime minister, has written the introduction for La Política Exterior de España, 1873-1918 (Madrid, Excelsior, 1918, pp. 290), by A. Mousset.

A piece of thorough research by a local historian, Julián Martínez, is embodied in *Rincones de la España Vieja* (Madrid, *Mundo Latino*) which traces the story of the townships of Mejorada del Campo and Rivas de Jarama, near Madrid, from their foundation to the present.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Anon., La Compagnia de Gesà negli Stati della Casa di Savoia, I.-II. (Civiltà Cattolica, July 19, October 18); G. Calò, Pasquale Villari e la Nuova Scuola Italiana (Nuova Antologia, July 1); F. Rousseau, D. Carlos et les Sociétés Secrètes Royalistes, 1823-1838 (Revue des Études Historiques, March); A. A. Mendes Corrêa, Origins of the Portuguese (American Journal of Physical Anthropology, April).

GERMANY, AUSTRIA, AND SWITZERLAND

The volume on the German "race" by Signor Alfredo Niceforo, professor of demography and statistics at Messina, mentioned in a previous issue of this journal, has now been brought out in a French translation with revisions by the author, Les Germains, Histoire d'une Idée et d'une "Race" (Paris, Bossard).

Professor F. von Bezold's Aus Mittelalter und Renaissance: Kulturgeschichtliche Studien (Munich, Oldenbourg, 1918, pp. vii, 457) is a collection of articles published in the last forty years as side-studies to his masterpiece, Das Zeitalter der Deutschen Reformation (1890).

A Life of Frederick the Great (London, Constable, pp. viii, 433) is by Norwood Young. The volume includes maps and diagrams illustrating campaigns.

Professor E. Brandenburg has contributed to the series Wissenschaft und Bildung a volume on Die Deutsche Revolution 1848 (Leipzig, Quelle and Meyer, 1919, pp. 144).

An historical study of L'Évolution de la Bourgeoisie Allemande (Paris, Alcan, 1919) is by G. Huard.

As far back as 1912 and 1913, M. Charles Andler, against vehement protest from Jaurès and others, maintained in published articles the essentially imperialistic thought and ambitions of the Socialist party in Germany. The articles then printed have now been republished under the title Le Socialisme Impérialiste dans l'Allemagne Contemporaine (Paris, Bossard).

Paul Lensch, a Socialist member of the Reichstag, in *Three Years of World-Revolution* (London, Constable, 1918, pp. xv, 220) exposes with cynical and brutal frankness the chauvinism of the German Socialists, their reasons for supporting the war, and their belief in the revolutionizing and liberating rôle of Germany, especially as directed against England and the United States.

M. Gaston Raphael's Walther Rathenau, ses Idées et ses Projets d'Organisation Économique (Paris, Payot) performs the important and valuable service of summarizing the whole career, methods, and philosophy of one who may justly be called the most important figure among German business men in the events of the last five years. Rathenau's collected works were, by the way, published in 1918 in five volumes.

Wie Wir Belogen Wurden: Die Amtliche Irreführung des Deutschen Volkes (Munich, Langen, 1918, pp. 189), by Kurt Mühsam, is an interesting attack on the German censorship during the war.

La Révolution Allemande (vol. I., November, 1918-January, 1919, Paris, Payot, 1919) is the account of P. Gentizon, the correspondent of the Paris Temps. The Spanish journalist Ibañez de Ibero has described L'Allemagne de la Défaite (Paris, Rivière, 1919).

In the Fontes Rerum Austriacarum, the Vienna commission having that series in charge has issued part III. (1450-1454) of the correspondence of Aeneas Sylvius Piccolomini.

Beginning with vol. LXXXVIII. of the Corpus Reformatorum there are appearing Huldreich Zwinglis Sämtliche Werke (Leipzig, Heinsius). Three volumes of the Werke, down to 1525, and two volumes of the Briefwechsel, 1510–1526, have appeared. The editors are E. Egli, G. Finsler, and W. Köhler.

The late J. Gremaud's eight volumes of *Documents relatifs à l'Histoire du Valais* (Lausanne, 1875–1898) included materials down to the middle of the fifteenth century. Dr. Leo Meyer, archivist of the canton, will edit a volume covering the intervening period down to 1500. For the period from 1500 to 1798 D. Imesch has undertaken to edit the series of *Die Walliser Landrats Abschiede* (vol. I., 1500–1519, Freiburg, Gschwend, 1916, pp. xv, 772).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: M. Tangl, Studien zur Neuausgabe der Bonifatius-Briefe, II. (Neues Archiv der Gesellschaft für Aeltere Deutsche Geschichtskunde, XLI. 2); Schalk de la Faverie, Un Républicain Allemand, Robert Blum (Révolution de 1848, June); Munroe Smith, Bismarck Reconsidered (Political Science Quarterly, September); L. Raschdau, Aus der Werkstatt des Ersten Deutschen Kanzlers, Neue Schriftstücke aus der Amtlichen Tätigkeit des Fürsten Bismarck, I.-II. (Deutsche Rundschau, May, June); M. Lair, Un Historien Pangermaniste: Karl Lamprecht (Revue des Sciences Politiques, August); F. Meinecke, Die Geschichtlichen Ursachen der Deutschen Revolution (Deutsche Rundschau, May); R. W. Seton-Watson, The Fall of Bela Kun (New Europe, August 14); Anon., Behind the Scenes in Hungary (ibid., October 16).

NETHERLANDS AND BELGIUM

The posthumous volume of G. Somville on *Dinant* (Paris, 1919) presents a wealth of documents and other first-hand materials relating to the fate of that town in 1914 and under the German occupation.

The history of the famous Libre Belgique published in defiance of the German authorities throughout the occupation is told by one of the writers, "Fidelis", Albert Van de Kerckhove, in L'Histoire Merveilleuse de la Libre Belgique (Paris, Plon, 1919) and by Lieutenant Marcel in Mes Aventures et le Mystère de la Libre Belgique (Brussels, Vromant, 1919).

A volume of the war-time letters of Cardinal Mercier, selected by Arthur Boutwood, is entitled A Shepherd among Wolves (Faith Press).

NORTHERN AND EASTERN EUROPE

Gaston Gaillard, L'Allemagne et le Baltikum (Paris, Chapelot, 1919, pp. 278), is an accurate and detailed account of German penetration in the eastern Baltic, to the end of the war.

The monthly Revue Baltique, published by Arthur Toupine at 201 Boulevard Périre, Paris, contains numerous articles and documents relating to the recent history of the new Baltic republics of Esthonia, Latvia, and Lithuania.

The problems of the smaller nationalities on the western border of Russia are approached from various angles in The History of the Lithuanian Nation and its Present National Aspirations (Philadelphia, Lithuanian Catholic Truth Society, 1918, pp. ix, 156) translated from the Lithuanian of K. A. Jusaitis; in La Lituanie Religieuse (Paris, Crès, 1918) by A. Viscont; in Westrussland in seiner Bedeutung für die Entwicklung Mitteleuropas (Leipzig, Teubner, 1918) by M. Sering; in Que Faire de l'Est Européen? (Paris, Payot, 1919) by the author of Les Dangers Mortels de la Révolution Russe; in La Latvia et la Russie (ibid., pp. 96) by A. Berg; and in Russie, Finlande, Scandinavie (Paris, Ficker, 1919) by S. Vernier.

An account of *Der Rote Aufruhr in Finnland*, 1918 (Leipzig, Quelle and Meyer, 1918, pp. 180), by H. Söderhjelm, translated into German by J. Öhquist, is based on official materials.

The University of Buffalo inaugurates a series of Studies with a useful pamphlet on Education and Autocracy in Russia, from the Origins to the Bolsheviki (pp. 127) by Dr. Daniel B. Leary, professor of psychology and instructor in Russian.

Mrs. Harold Williams's A History of the Russian Revolution (Macmillan) is by a lady of Russian birth, who was in Russia during the revolution, the wife of a noted English correspondent.

The Rand School of Social Science publishes, in a pamphlet of 87 pages, *Memoirs of the Russian Revolution*, by George V. Lomonossoff, who before the war was a teacher in an engineering school in Petrograd, and for a few days within the period February 28-March 6, 1917, was assistant director general of Russian railways. His account of those days, from the point of view of such an official position, is an interesting contribution.

A volume on *Lénine* (Paris, Povolozski, 1919) has been published by Landau-Aldanov. Dr. A. S. Rappoport has written a volume of sketches of the *Pioneers of the Russian Revolution* (London, Stanley Paul and Co., 1918, pp. xxvii, 281).

The historian K. Waliszewski has published a collection of articles under the title *Polonais et Russes, Visions du Passé, Perspective d'Avenir* (Paris, Plon, 1919, pp. ix, 312).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: M. Mackeprang, Nordslesvig under Fremmedherredömmet (Gads Danske Magazin, March); S. E. Morison, The Peace Conference and the Baltic (New Europe, August 7, 1919); The Eastern Baltic: Latvia (ibid., August 21, 28); Esthonia (ibid., September 11); Finland (ibid., October 2); J. A. Gade, On the Shores of the Baltic [Esthonia, 1919] (Atlantic Monthly, October); W. Grimm, Die Religiös-Politische Lage Livlands unter Russischer Oberhoheit (Süddeutsche Monatshefte, February, 1917); A. Brückner, Russlands Drang zu den Meeren, ein Historischer Rückblick (Weltwirtschaftliches Archiv, June, 1917); Queen Marie of Rumania, Un Martyr de la Grande Tragédie: le Tsar Nicholas II. (Revue des Deux Mondes, September 1); P. G. La Chesnais, La Géorgie pendant la Guerre (Revue du Mois, July 10).

SOUTHEASTERN EUROPE

An able essay on Byzance, Grandeur et Décadence (Paris, Flammarion, 1919, pp. 348) has been written by Professor C. Diehl.

General Palat has prepared a good survey of the three phases of the Guerre des Balkans, 1912–1918 (Paris, Charles-Lavauzelle, 1919, pp. 284).

In 1887 and 1888 the Journal des Débats commissioned Comte Begouën for a journey of observation and study in the Slavonic portions of southern Austria-Hungary. The letters then written, together with a private series written at the same time, are now published in a small volume under the title Chez les Yougo-Slaves il y a Trente-deux Ans (Paris, Bossard), and form a useful introduction to the knowledge of more recent history in Jugoslav territory.

Professor Ferdinand Šišić of the University of Zagreb (Agram) has written an Abridged Political History of Rieka (Fiume) (Paris, Imprimerie Graphique), a sketch well supported by documents.

Essai sur la Législation Serbe du Moyen Age, le Régime des Terres et les Conditions des Personnes (Paris, Société Française d'Imprimerie et de Librairie, 1919, pp. viii, 148) was presented as a thesis to the law faculty of the University of Poitiers by B. M. Grachitch.

There is now available a comprehensive account of the Rumanian participation in the Great War, written by a Rumanian, M. Djuvara, with the title *La Guerre Roumaine*, 1916–1918 (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1919, pp. 352).

Several articles of current interest published in German periodicals between 1898 and 1917 by I. Gheorgov are collected in *Die Bulgarische Nation und der Weltkrieg* (Berlin, Hofmann, 1918, pp. xvi, 304). A brief but incisive presentation of *L'Unité de la Politique Bulgare*, 1914–1919 (Paris, Bossard, 1919, pp. 80) has been made by J. Ancel.

A bulky volume of Rapports et Enquêtes de la Commission Interallié sur les Violations du Droit des Gens commises en Macédoine Orientale par les Armées Bulgares (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1919, pp. 640) is now available.

V. Colocotronis has prepared with great care La Macédoine et l'Hellénisme, Étude Historique et Ethnologique (Paris, Berger-Levrault, 1919, pp. xxiii, 658, 24 maps and charts).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: E. Daniels, Zur Serbischen und Jugoslavischen Geschichte (Preussische Jahrbücher, April); E. de Martonne, Choses Vues en Bessarabie (Revue de Paris, October 1); R. Pinon, La Liquidation de l'Empire Ottoman (Revue des Deux Mondes, September 1).

ASIA, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN

A period of critical significance in the history of Armenia is fully dealt with by J. Laurent in L'Arménie entre Byzance et l'Islam depuis la Conquête Arabe jusqu en 886 (Paris, Boccard, 1919, pp. xii, 400).

M. A. Czaplicka has presented a clear conspectus of *The Turks of Central Asia in History and at the Present Day* (Oxford Press, 1919, pp. 242).

The following important contributions to the history of India have recently appeared: The History of Aryan Rule in India from the Earliest Times to the Death of Akbar (New York, Stokes, 1918, pp. xxxi, 582) by E. B. Havell; and History of the Maratha People, vol. I. (Oxford Press, 1919) by C. A. Kincaid and R. B. Parasnis.

Father Enrique Heras has published the first volume of La Dinastia Manchú en China (Barcelona, Tip. Católica, 1918, pp. xvi, 517) which relates to the period from the founding of the dynasty in 1644 to the death of the second emperor in 1722. Special attention is given to rela-

tions with Christianity and to European civilization. The closing years of Manchu rule are the subject of *Dix Ans de Politique Chinoise* (Paris, Alcan, 1919, pp. 271) by J. Rodes.

The treaties of Korea with other powers between 1876 and 1910, arranged by countries, are collected in *Korean Treaties* (New York, H. S. Nichols, Inc., 1919, pp. xii, 226) by Henry Chung, fellow in economics at Northwestern University.

The former French ambassador to Japan, A. Gérard, has published the record of the crucial years during which he held the post at Tokio in Ma Mission au Japon, 1907–1914, avec un Épilogue de 1914 à 1919 (Paris, Plon, 1919, pp. iii, 412).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: G. Golubovich, Fr. Giovanni Colonna di San Vito, Viaggiatore in Oriente, c. 1260-1343-4? (Archivum Franciscanum Historicum, January, 1918); F. Mury, La Première République Bolchéviste [in Manchuria] (Revue des Deux Mondes, September 1).

AFRICA, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN

R. Vadala's Essais sur l'Histoire des Karamanlis (Paris, Champion, 1919) contains accounts of the several pachas of Tripoli from 1714 to 1835.

Le Maroc de 1919 (Paris, Payot, 1919, pp. 272) by Henry Dugard follows lines similar to the volume of corresponding title issued last year, in furnishing summaries of events and descriptions of conditions. Louis Barthou has eulogized the work of General Lyautey in Morocco in La Bataille du Maroc (Paris, Champion, 1919, pp. 124), which affords a survey of the military operations since 1914, of the German intrigues and activities, and of the political and economic policy of the French protectorate. Earlier events are recorded in Souvenirs de Maroc, Voyages et Missions, 1881–1918 (Paris, Plon, 1919, pp. 385) by H. de la Martinière, formerly French chargé d'affaires at Tangier.

AMERICA

GENERAL ITEMS

Among the accessions to the Manuscript Division of the Library of Congress the chief, and one of great importance to the student of American colonial history, is a group of three of the original volumes of the Journals of the Lords Commissioners of Trade and Plantations, dating as follows: August 3, 1670-September 20, 1672, October 13, 1672-December 22, 1674, March 31, 1677-April 14, 1679, and January 13, 1684/5-December 8, 1686. The Library has also acquired a journal of Michel Bégon, "Relation de mon Voyage aux Isles de l'Amérique, 1682" (pp. 246); 160 pieces and 11 volumes of miscellaneous papers of Caesar A.

and Thomas Rodney, 1771–1823; some 120 miscellaneous papers of Richard Bland Lee, 1701–1825; 400-odd autograph letters of eminent Americans, political and clerical, from the collections of Mr. Simon Gratz; two volumes of a diary by John Pickell of the campaign against the Seminole Indians, 1836–1838; and a collection of Chaillé-Long papers, 1865–1915.

An anonymous friend of Amherst College has given that institution \$100,000 to found two fellowships, each of \$2000 per annum, for the study of social, economic, and political institutions. A fellow will be appointed every second year, for a period of not more than four years. It is expected that at least half of that time shall be spent in study in Europe, and the last year, in whole or in part, at Amherst College. A candidate must be a graduate of a college or university.

The late president C. K. Adams of the University of Wisconsin created by his will a fund for the endowment of fellowships. Two of them, ascribed to modern history and carrying stipends of about \$600, will be available for the year 1920–1921.

The Historical Branch of the General Staff of the United States Army has been placed under the charge of Col. Oliver L. Spaulding and reorganized. It is now conceived of as having three functions. The first is to preserve historical documents relating to the wars of the United States; the papers, photographs, and films of the American Expeditionary Force in France and of the services of supply are now being assembled in this country under its charge. The second is to make these documents, or the information contained therein, accessible to agencies of the War Department and to students and investigators properly accredited. The third is to prepare historical monographs on such military subjects as may be professionally of interest to the War Department. A critical study of German tactics, prepared by the Historical Section of the General Headquarters in France, has already been published, and a large handbook enumerating and describing all economic agencies instituted by the government for war purposes is now in press. It will be seen that most of the programme for a general documentary series previously contemplated, and described in our July number (XXIV. 637-640) has been abandoned. Monographs on mobilization, supplies, and operations will take its place.

A new edition of Professor A. C. McLaughlin's *History of the American Nation*, thoroughly revised and largely rewritten, has been brought out by D. Appleton and Company.

Bulletin no. 64 of the Bureau of American Ethnology is entitled The Maya Indians of Southern Yucatan and Northern British Honduras, by Thomas W. F. Gann. About one-third of the volume is devoted to customs, ceremonies, and mode of life. No. 65 is Archeological Explorations

in Northeastern Arizona, by Alfred V. Kidder and Samuel J. Guernsey. Much of the study is devoted to a discussion of the material culture of the different groups as indicated by the remains discovered. No. 70 is a thorough and careful description of *Prehistoric Villages, Castles, and Towers of Southwestern Colorado*, by Mr. J. W. Fewkes, with many interesting illustrations.

Volume III. (South Carolina edition) of the *History of the American Negro*, edited by A. B. Caldwell, has come from the press (Atlanta, A. B. Caldwell).

Senate Document no. 26, 66 Cong., I sess., is a volume of 280 pages on Ratification of Treaties, setting forth methods of procedure in foreign countries relative to the matter, and extracts from the Executive Journal of the Senate showing proceedings in cases of treaties rejected by that body.

The Carnegie Endowment for International Peace has in the press three volumes of *American Prize Decisions*, embracing 173 cases which were heard by the United States Supreme Court between 1789 and 1918.

The Oriental Policy of the United States, an historical study by Henry Chung, Korean envoy to the Peace Conference, with an introductory note by Professor J. W. Jenks, is from the press of Revell.

Coal Men of America: a Biographical and Historical Review of the World's Greatest Industry, by Arthur M. Hull, is brought out in Chicago by the Retail Coalman.

Arthur Hornblow, for nineteen years editor of the *Theatre Magazine*, has produced in two volumes, illustrated, *A History of the Theatre in America from its Beginnings to the Present Time* (Philadelphia, Lippincott).

ITEMS ARRANGED IN CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER

Besides continued articles hitherto mentioned the September number of the Records of the American Catholic Historical Society prints a Memorandum on New England and Philadelphia, written by Monsieur D., Louisbourg, November 19, 1744. The document is found in the French archives and is given here in translation furnished by Rev. B. Randolph, C. M.

At the meeting of the Lancaster County Historical Society, September 5, Dr. Frank R. Diffenderffer read a paper on the Loyalists in the Revolution. This is published as vol. XXIII., no. 7, of the society's *Papers*.

Thirty unpublished letters of Beaumarchais, important chiefly for his relations with the American republic, are edited by Jules Marsan with the title Beaumarchais et les Affaires d'Amérique: Lettres Inédites (Paris, Champion). L. de Royaumont has prepared a richly illustrated volume on La Fayette et Rochambeau au Pays de Washington, la Guerre de l'Indépendance Américaine, 1776–1783 (Grenoble, Rey, 1919, pp. 161).

Houghton Mifflin Company has brought out *The Correspondence of Nicholas Biddle dealing with National Affairs, 1807–1844*, edited by Reginald C. McGrane. The important place which Nicholas Biddle occupies in the financial history of the United States gives to the volume an especial value.

Origin and Early History of the Disciples of Christ, with special reference to the period between 1809 and 1835 (pp. 344), is a doctoral thesis by Walter W. Jennings, written in the University of Illinois and to be obtained from that institution.

The Foundations of Mormonism: a Study of the Fundamental Facts in the History and Doctrines of the Mormons from Original Sources, by William E. La Rue, with an introduction by Alfred W. Anthony, comes from the press of Revell.

A recent Spanish publication touching United States history at an important point is Señor Carlos Pereyra's *Tejas: la Primera Desmembración de Méjico* (Madrid, Editorial-América, pp. 252).

Edwin L. Sabin's volume *Building the Pacific Railway*, recently issued by Lippincott, is based on old narratives, official and government reports, and accounts related by the survivors of the building days.

The Hayes-Conkling Controversy, 1877-1879, by Venila L. Shores, is a recent addition to the Smith College Studies in History (vol. IV., no. 4).

The Life and Letters of James Monroe Taylor: the Biography of an Educator, by Elizabeth Hazelton Haight, is from the press of Dutton. Dr. Taylor was president of Vassar College from 1886 to 1914.

Professor Frederick J. Zwierlein of St. Bernard Seminary, Rochester, has prepared a biography in two volumes of Bishop Bernard J. McQuaid of the Rochester diocese, and hopes to publish it before long.

Students of the history of the Spanish-American War may be glad to know that the three numbers for January-June of the bimonthly Boletín Histórico de Puerto Rico contained some one hundred-odd pages of documents relating to the period of that war in Porto Rico and to the history of the American military government. Some of them are Spanish translations of documents accessible in English, but most are not. The June number also contains documents illustrating the history of the federal party in the island and of its successor the Unión de Puerto Rico.

Lawrence F. Abbott's volume, *Impressions of Theodore Roosevelt*, is the result of a friendship of twenty-two years (Doubleday, Page, and

Company). Theodore Roosevelt: the Man as I knew him, by Ferdinand C. Inglehart, embodies the author's reminiscences with a biography of Roosevelt (New York, Christian Herald). Theodore Roosevelt: a Biographical Sketch, by Hermann Hagedorn, is put out in New York by the Roosevelt Memorial Exhibition Committee.

A life of George von L. Meyer, ambassador to Russia and Italy, postmaster general under President Roosevelt and secretary of the navy under President Taft, has been prepared by M. A. De Wolfe Howe and published by Dodd, Mead, and Company.

Harper and Brothers have brought out another volume of President Wilson's addresses, with the title The Triumph of Ideals: Speeches, Messages, and Addresses made by the President between February 24, 1919, and July 8, 1919.

The Career of Leonard Wood, by Joseph H. Sears, is published by Messrs. D. Appleton and Company.

Doubleday, Page, and Company are publishing George MacAdam's Life of General Pershing, which has been running serially in the World's Work.

From Midshipman to Rear-Admiral, is the title of a volume of reminiscences by Rear-Admiral Bradley A. Fiske (Century Company).

THE UNITED STATES IN THE GREAT WAR

The second volume of Professor McMaster's The United States and the World War, now published or about to be published by Messrs. Appleton, carries on his work from April, 1918, where the first volume ended, to the end of the war and of the ensuing negotiations. Professor John S. Bassett is the author of a compact history of America's part in the Great War, which bears the title Our War with Germany (New York, Alfred A. Knopf).

The American Red Cross in the Great War (pp. xii, 303, \$3.00), by Henry P. Davison, chairman of the War Council of the American Red Cross, is from the press of Macmillan. At the close of the war, we are told, more than thirty million Americans were enrolled in this organization. The time will come when its achievements will seem to the historian as important as those of any of the great military machines. Meantime, this clear and business-like book, omitting all mention of personal names, narrates the story of those achievements under all aspects successively (part I.) and in all their various geographical fields (part II.).

The office of the adjutant-general of the United States army is expected to publish before long, in a volume of about 400 pages, a *Hand-book of Economic Agencies in the War of 1917*, edited by Lieut.-Col. (Professor) R. V. D. Magoffin.

Two notable regimental histories published by Messrs. Appleton are From Upton to the Meuse with the 307th Infantry, by Captain W. K. Rainsford, who had a part in the rescue of Whittlesey's surrounded battalion, and The Shamrock Battalion of the Rainbow (the 69th regiment, in the "Rainbow" Division), by Corporal Martin T. Hogan.

In a volume to which he has given the title Average Americans (Putnam) Lieut-Col. Theodore Roosevelt, jr., has related his experiences during twenty months in France, and has also given some reminiscences of his father, particularly concerning his fight for preparedness.

Messrs. D. Appleton and Company are publishing a series of volumes on "Problems of War and of Reconstruction", edited by Francis G. Wickware, many of which are partly of an historical character. Among them may be mentioned: Commercial Policy in War Time and After, by W. S. Culbertson; Government Organization in War Time and After, by W. F. Willoughby; War Time Control of Commerce, by L. E. Van Norman; War Costs and their Financing, by Professor E. L. Bogart; Government Insurance in War Time and After, by Professor S. M. Lindsay; Labor in War Time and After, by W. J. Lauck; Merchant Shipping in War Time and After, by Edward N. Hurley; Food Supplies in War Time and After, by Vernon L. Kellogg; and National Transportation in War Time and After, by Professor Emory R. Johnson.

(See also pp. 337-341, supra)

LOCAL ITEMS ARRANGED IN GEOGRAPHICAL ORDER

NEW ENGLAND

Literary Culture in Early New England (pp. 296), by the late Dr. T. G. Wright of Yale University, has been edited by Mrs. Wright and published by the Yale University Press.

In the August number of the *Granite Monthly* Otis G. Hammond gives a history of the recovery by the state of New Hampshire of a body of the papers of Meshech Weare, president of New Hampshire during the Revolution. These papers are now deposited with the New Hampshire Historical Society.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts has published volume XX. of the Acts and Resolves of the Province of the Massachusetts Bay (pp. 830) embracing 1857 resolves passed between May 28, 1777, and May 4, 1779. The book of course makes an enormous addition to our knowledge respecting the history of Massachusetts during those two years; yet one cannot help regretting that the late Mr. Goodell's excessive annotation of the earlier volumes has led the state authorities to go to the other extreme, of publishing texts entirely without introductions or explanations.

The New England Historic Genealogical Society has brought out Vital Records of Westport, Massachusetts, to the Year 1850.

The Bulletin of the Newport Historical Society for October contains a paper, by Hamilton B. Tompkins, on Benedict Arnold, first Governor of Rhode Island.

The state librarian of Connecticut, Mr. George S. Godard, has arranged with the Connecticut commandery of the Military Order of Foreign Wars of the United States to deposit in the Connecticut State Library for permanent preservation and public exhibition its interesting and varied collection of material illustrating the history of our foreign wars.

Jonathan Trumbull, Governor of Connecticut 1769–1784 (Little, Brown and Company) is a biography by his great-great-grandson, Jonathan Trumbull.

The New Haven Colony Historical Society has published the second volume of its series of Ancient Town Records, being New Haven Town Records, 1662–1684 (pp. 457), edited by Dr. Franklin B. Dexter. Such a volume defies reviewing, but it is full of data that illuminate the life and character of a New England town in the period indicated. The reproduction of long s's and the printing of ye for the, yt for that, and the like, seem to us very undesirable.

MIDDLE COLONIES AND STATES

The New York Historical Society has begun the reproduction, by means of the photostat, of the New York Gazette; it has thus far issued the years 1726–1729. The society's Quarterly Bulletin for October contains the printed text and facsimile of the articles of convention between General Burgoyne and General Gates, signed at Saratoga, October 16, 1777. There is also an account, by Reginald P. Bolton, of the explorations of the "old fort" and camp site at Richmond, Staten Island, together with a map of the fort and camp site, showing the location of deposits unearthed.

The Pennsylvania State Museum at Harrisburg has been greatly enriched in respect to Indian relics, by purchases recently made from collectors by the State Historical Commission, so that it now embraces more than twenty-five thousand objects, mostly war implements, found in all parts of the state.

The October number of the Western Pennsylvania Historical Magazine contains a paper by Charles W. Dahlinger on Pittsburgh's First Burying Ground, and a sketch, by Robert M. Ewing, of the Life and Times of William Findley, Pennsylvania politician, member of Congress 1791–1799, 1803–1817.

Any person owning contemporary letters, documents, or other historical materials pertaining to President Washington's southern tour in 1791 is requested to communicate with Professor Archibald Henderson, Chapel Hill, North Carolina, who is preparing a book on the subject.

The June number of the Maryland Historical Magazine contains a report, by a committee of the Maryland Historical Society, on the personnel composing the "Maryland Four Hundred" at the Battle of Long Island; a paper by Dr. B. Bernard Browne on the Battle of the Severn: its Antecedents and Consequences, 1651–1655; and a continuation of Edward S. Delaplaine's Life of Thomas Johnson. In the September number are found a catalogue of the Edris and Virginia Berkley Memorial Collection of Washington Prints, by Henry J. Berkley, and a Notice of some of the First Buildings of Annapolis, with notes on some of the Early Residents, by Mrs. Rebecca Key, with an introductory note by Mrs. Annie L. Sioussat. The Carroll Papers are continued through both numbers. In both numbers also appear memorial sketches of Marylanders who fell in the recent war.

SOUTHERN COLONIES AND STATES

The Virginia State Library has recently received, by gift from Mrs. O. A. Ljungstedt, an inventory of the records of Accomac county from the formation of the county to 1800.

The Negro in Virginia Politics, 1865–1902 (pp. 199), by Reginald L. Morton, Ph.D., Phelps-Stokes fellow in the University of Virginia, 1917–1918, is no. 4 of the Phelps-Stokes Fellowship Papers in the Publications of the University of Virginia. The author has made a careful and well-reasoned study of the subject, gathering evidence from all available sources.

The Bench and Bar of West Virginia, by G. W. Atkinson, is brought out in Charleston, W. Va., by the Virginian Law Book Company.

The North Carolina Historical Commission has received from Mrs. H. A. London forty-one bound volumes of the Chatham Record, 1878–1919, a complete set of the oldest weekly newspaper in North Carolina, owned and edited for forty years by the late Maj. Henry A. London, and now edited by his son. The commission has had mounted and bound the papers of the governors for the period 1777–1787, in all, fifteen volumes. Arrangements have been made with Miss Adelaide L. Fries of Winston-Salem, archivist of the Southern Moravians, to translate from the German and edit for publication the records of the Moravians of North Carolina. These records consist chiefly of diaries and the "Memorabilia" which have been prepared and read to the Moravian congregation annually by their pastors since the founding of the Wachovia settlement in North Carolina in 1752. The first volume, embracing records from 1752 to 1771, is about ready for the press.

In the January and April issues of the North Carolina Booklet, Professor Archibald Henderson presents a useful biography of John Steele of North Carolina, Federalist member of the first two Congresses and comptroller of the Treasury from 1796 to 1802, with interesting extracts from his correspondence.

In the April and July numbers of the South Carolina Historical Magazine Judge Henry A. M. Smith continues his articles on the Ashley River: its Seats and Settlements, the article in the latter number bearing the special title: The Upper Ashley, and the Mutations of Families. The several documentary series contributed by Miss Mabel L. Webber are continued.

The June number of the Georgia Historical Quarterly contains an address delivered by Gen. Alexander R. Lawton, April 21, 1919, at the centennial celebration of the voyage of the steamship Savannah, the first transatlantic steamship; also an account of the loss of the steamer Pulaski, in June, 1838, written by Mrs. Hugh McLeod (Miss Rebecca Lamar), one of the survivors of the disaster. In the July number are found the Decision of Judge John Erskine in the case Ex parte William Law, under the "Attorney's Test Oath Act" (1866), and a brief article, by the editor, concerning the Case of George McIntosh.

WESTERN STATES

The June number of the Mississippi Valley Historical Review has articles by Dr. Chauncey S. Boucher on the Annexation of Texas and the Bluffton Movement in South Carolina, and by Thomas R. Hay, on the South and the Arming of the Slaves, in which the agitations of the question, before the final decision, are mainly considered. The September number opens with an address delivered by Professor Harlow Lindley as president of the Mississippi Valley Historical Association, on Western Travel, 1800–1820, mainly concerned with explorations west of St. Louis; it also has a careful article by Miss Ella Lonn on the French Council of Commerce in relation to American trade, and one by Professor Royal B. Way on the United States Factory System for Trading with the Indians, 1796–1822. The June number presents a survey of recent historical activities in the Old Northwest, by Professor Arthur C. Cole, and the September number a survey of historical activities in Canada, by Mr. Lawrence J. Burpee, of Ottawa.

The Ohio Valley Historical Association held its twelfth annual meeting at Berea College, Kentucky, October 16–18, ending with an excursion to Indian Fort. Notable among the papers read were those of Professor C. B. Coleman on the Ohio River as an Artery and as a Boundary, of Miss A. M. Cromwell on the Shakers in Kentucky, of Professor Harlow Lindley on Henry Clay, and of Professor W. H. Siebert on the Loyalists of Kentucky. Professor Siebert was elected president, Professor Elizabeth Crowther of Western College for Women secretary.

The *Transactions* of the Western Reserve Historical Society (*Publications*, no. 100), embodying the annual reports for 1918–1919, includes lists of the early newspapers and manuscripts acquired by the society. Among the former are over 900 Confederate issues, and among the latter are important Confederate records.

The Indiana Centennial, 1916: a Record of the Celebration of the One Hundredth Anniversary of Indiana's Admission to Statehood, edited by Professor Harlow Lindley, secretary of the Indiana Historical Commission, is brought out by the commission and is designated one of the Indiana Historical Collections. The volume includes a brief account, by Lee Burns, of the Beginnings of the State; a Report of the Commission's Activities; a record of the several celebrations, including, besides the state celebration at Indianapolis and the Indiana pageant, the numerous county celebrations, and also the meeting of the Ohio Valley Historical Association; the Admission Day Exercises, December 11, 1916; and the several centennial addresses by Governor Samuel M. Ralston. addresses printed in extenso in the volume are those of President Wilson, Professor James A. Woodburn, Professor Frederic L. Paxson, Professor Harlow Lindley (the presidential address before the Ohio Valley Historical Association), Father John Cavanaugh, and Congressman Merrill Moores. The volume contains a number of portraits and other illustrations.

A state conference on Indiana history was held at Indianapolis, December 10 and 11, for the purpose of discussing problems in local and state history, awakening a greater interest in historical pursuits, and securing a larger measure of co-operation in historical effort.

The September number of the *Indiana Magazine of History* includes a memoir of Spencer Records recounting his Pioneer Experiences in Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Ohio, and Indiana, 1766–1836; the Journal of Ebenezer Chamberlain of a Trip from Maine to Indiana in 1832, edited by Louise Fogle; and a paper on Indiana in the Mexican War, by R. C. Buley.

Reminiscences of the Early Marion County Bar, by W. W. Woollen, The National Road in Indiana, by Lee Burns, and Early Indianapolis, by Mrs. Laura F. Hodges, constitute nos. 3, 4, and 5, respectively, of vol. VII. of the Indiana Historical Society Publications.

The Illinois State Historical Library has in press three volumes of the *Illinois Historical Collections*: one reprinting the texts of the state's three successive constitutions, edited by E. G. Verlie; one containing the debates of the constitutional convention of 1847, edited by Professor Arthur C. Cole; and one comprising a reprint of Washburn's *Life of Edward Coles* and a considerable number of Coles's letters.

The Transactions of the Illinois State Historical Society for the

year 1918 (Publications, no. 24, of the Illinois State Historical Library) includes besides the usual proceedings the addresses delivered at the centennial meeting of the society, April 17–18, 1918. Following are the titles of those addresses: Illinois: the Land of Men, by Edgar A. Bancroft; Virginia in the Making of Illinois, by H. J. Eckenrode; Illinois in the Democratic Movement of the Century, by Allen Johnson; Establishing the American Colonial System in the Old Northwest, by Elbert J. Benton; the Interest Indiana holds in Historic Illinois, by Charles W. Moores; the Centennial History of Illinois, by Clarence W. Alvord; and a Message from France, by M. Louis Aubert. In addition there is an extended paper by Andrew H. Mills entitled a Hundred Years of Illinois Sunday School History.

The following articles are found in the October number of the Illinois Catholic Historical Review: University of St. Mary of the Lake, by Rev. D. J. Riordan; the Franciscans in Southern Illinois, by Rev. Silas Barth, O. F. M.; the Northwestern Part of the Diocese of St. Louis under Bishop Rosati, by Rev. J. Rothensteiner; the Irish in Early Illinois, by J. J. Thompson; Oliver Pollock, Patriot and Financier, by Margaret B. Downing; and a Great Illinois Pioneer: the Rev. John George Alleman, O. P., by Rev. J. B. Cullemans. The four articles first mentioned are to be continued.

At a meeting of the Tennessee Historical Society in May, Dr. W. A. Provine was chosen to be editor of the Tennessee Historical Magazine, J. H. DeWitt, manager, and J. Tyree Fain, assistant, the three constituting the publishing committee. The dates of issue have been changed from March, June, September, and December, to January, April, July, and October. For the year 1919, however, the April number is constituted no. I. The principal contents of this number are a paper on Henderson and Company's Purchase within the Limits of Tennessee, by Samuel C. Williams; a discussion of Some Confusing Statements in Ramsey's Annals and Other Historians, by J. Tyree Fain, who is preparing an index to Ramsey's Annals of Tennessee; and some Notes of a Tour from Nashville to New Orleans down the Cumberland, Ohio, and Mississippi Rivers in the Year 1807, by Dr. John R. Bedford, with introduction and notes by the editor.

Bulletin 10 of the Michigan Historical Commission is an account of the War Records of Michigan; Bulletin 11 comprises a group of prize essays written by pupils in Michigan schools, in a contest arranged by the commission during war-time, for pupils' historical essays on the reasons for America's participation in the war.

Among the contents of the July number of the Michigan History Magazine are: Marquette County and the Upper Peninsula of Michigan, by Judge John W. Stone; the Forests of the Upper Peninsula and their Place in History, by Alvan L. Sawyer; Some Place Names in the Upper

Peninsula of Michigan and Elsewhere, by William F. Gagnieur, S. J.; the Michigan Railroad Commission, by Russell D. Kilborn; and an address by Hon. Augustus C. Carton, president of the Michigan Pioneer and Historical Society, entitled Historical Work after the War.

The Wisconsin State Historical Society received in November the collection of native copper implements brought together by the late Henry P. Hamilton of Two Rivers and bequeathed to the society by his will. It is said to be the most important collection of native copper implements in existence. The *Proceedings* of the society at its sixty-sixth annual meeting, October 24, 1918, records among the more important manuscript accessions the papers of Nelson Dewey, first governor of the state, of George B. Smith, member of the first constitutional convention, of John H. Tweedy, last territorial delegate to Congress, of the late Senator Husting, of Azel Ladd, state superintendent of education 1852–1854, of Rev. Matthew Dinsdale, a Methodist preacher of the territorial period and later, and a diary (1840–1890) of Colonel Michael Frank, founder of Wisconsin's public school system.

The Wisconsin War History Commission was organized in October, and appointed Mr. John G. Gregory secretary. The commission has in hand the publication of an official history of the Thirty-second Division, prepared by its officers under the supervision of Gen. Haan, and the preparation of an official history of Wisconsin's part in the Great War. The sum of \$25,000 is available for the former object; \$10,000 per annum has for the present been appropriated for the work of the commission in general.

The principal articles in the September number of the Wisconsin Magazine of History are the Competition of the Northwestern States for Immigrants, by Theodore C. Blegen, and the third chapter (the Days of the Lead Miners) in the Story of Wisconsin, by Miss Kellogg. Of a documentary sort are some Letters of a Fifth Wisconsin Volunteer, edited by R. G. Plumb, and some recollections of J. H. Evans concerning General Grant and Early Galena. The December issue contains a paper by James H. McManus on the Old Trail from Prairie du Chien northward to La Pointe on Lake Superior; a paper by H. R. Holand on the "Kensington Rune Stone", defending once more its authenticity; Observations of a Contract Surgeon, by Dr. William F. Whyte; an article by W. A. Titus on Portage; and a fourth installment of Miss Kellogg's Story of Wisconsin.

Acta et Dicta for July continues the late Archbishop Ireland's biography of Bishop Cretin, recounts the history during fifty years of the House of the Good Shepherd in St Paul, has an article on Beginnings and Growth of the Catholic Church in Montana, by Rev. Cyril Pauwelyn, and prints a large body of interesting notes on the history of the diocese of Duluth, by Rev. P. G. Lydon.

A review of the legislation of the thirty-eighth general assembly of Iowa (January 13 to April 19, 1919) is the principal content of the October number of the *Iowa Journal of History and Politics*.

The Missouri Historical Society has acquired a body of papers relating to the War of 1812 in Missouri, consisting of muster-rolls, journals, and miscellaneous papers; also some letters of James Callaway, documents signed by Daniel Boone and his sons, and a plan of Fort Johnson on the Des Moines River.

Articles in the October number of the Southwestern Historical Quarterly are: the first installment of a paper on James W. Fannin, jr., in the Texas Revolution, by Ruby C. Smith; Border Troubles along the Rio Grande, 1848–1860, by J. Fred Rippy; the Somervell Expedition to the Rio Grande, 1842, by Sterling B. Hendricks; and the eighth installment of the Minutes of the Ayuntamiento of San Felipe de Austin, 1828–1832, edited by Professor Eugene C. Barker.

The Texas State Library has lately finished arranging an accumulation of many years' duplicates of Texas state documents. These are now available for exchange with libraries. Such lists should be sent to Miss Elizabeth H. West, state librarian. The secret journals of the Senate of the Republic of Texas, printed a few years ago, may be especially mentioned.

Mr. R. M. McKitrick's *The Public Land System of Texas (Bulletin* no. 905 of the University of Wisconsin, pp. 172) aims to cover all aspects of its important subject, from 1823 to 1910.

The Twenty-first Biennial Report (1917-1919) of the Board of Directors of the Kansas State Historical Society has appeared.

The June number of the Quarterly of the Oregon Historical Society contains a History of the Narrow Gauge Railroad in the Willamette Valley, by Leslie M. Scott, an article on the Beginnings of Christianity in Oregon, by George H. Himes, and the fifth installment of Dr. Shippee's study of the Federal Relations of Oregon. Among the contents of the September number, besides a continuation of Dr. Shippee's study, are an article on the British Side of the Restoration of Fort Astoria, by Katharine B. Judson, and an address by Frederick V. Holman on the Qualities of the Oregon Pioneers.

CANADA

The Public Archives of Canada have received additional transcripts from Paris, completing series B of the Archives des Colonies, and advancing other series, and many continuations from the London archives and from Quebec and Montreal; likewise twenty-four large volumes of transcripts of the records and papers of Lt.-Gov. John Graves Simcoe of Upper Canada.

The forthcoming volume of the *Reports* of the Canadian Archives will contain a complete set of official proclamations, public notices, etc., of the military government (1760–1764) for the districts of Montreal and Three Rivers, and as many as possible for the district of Quebec, the public proclamations issued in Canada, 1764–1791, and the remaining portion, 1824–1847, of the calendar of the Neilson papers.

The Oxford University Press is to publish two volumes of the letters of the late Sir John A. Macdonald, edited by Sir Joseph Pope.

An elaborate biography of the late Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in two volumes, embracing also a collection of speeches, is being prepared by his friend Senator Laurent O. David. Another life is being prepared by Professor O. D. Skelton of Queen's University; installments of it are appearing in the *Century Magazine*.

We understand that the Canadian official series of *Proclamations*, Orders in Council and Documents relating to the European War is not to be continued after the completion of the fifth volume, which ends with October 1, 1916. Another official Canadian publication of importance is Sir Edward Kemp's Report on the Overseas Military Forces of Canada, 1918. In the co-operative history, Canada in the Great War, vol. II. deals with Canada's preparation for the war; vols. III. and IV., issued at about the present time, are devoted respectively to Canada's share in the maritime warfare and in the first stages of the warfare on land. Two more volumes will complete the work.

The fourteenth *Report* of the Bureau of Archives of the province of Ontario contains a first installment, 1789–1794, of the records of the early courts of Upper Canada.

AMERICA SOUTH OF THE UNITED STATES

The Hispanic-American Historical Review for August opens with an article in Spanish by Professor Rafael Altamira, accompanied by a translation, on the place given to the study of American institutions in the public educational system of Spain. This is followed by a paper on the Indian of the Southwest in the Diplomacy of the United States and Mexico, 1848–1853, by Mr. J. F. Rippy of the University of California, and by some fifty pages of discussion of the teaching of Hispanic-American history in the United States and of syllabi drawn up for such purposes.

In no. 28-29 of the Boletín del Centro de Estudios Americanistas de Sevilla Don Pedro Torres Lanzas begins a catalogue by legajos of that section of the Archives of the Indies called "Contaduria General del Consejo de Indias".

An interesting contribution to the history of South American public opinion during the Great War has been made by Señor Francisco Contreras, the Chilean poet, in a volume entitled Les Écrivains Hispano-Américains et la Guerre Européenne (Paris, Bossard).

Students of the most recent period of Mexican history will find useful material in *Mexico Revolucionario: Colección de Documentos relativos á las últimas Revoluciones Mexicanas* (Havana, Espinosa Ferré y Compañía).

A History of Banking in Mexico, by Dr. Walter F. McCaleb, formerly a director of the Federal Reserve Bank at Dallas, is expected to be published by Harper and Brothers in January.

In the May-June number of the Boletín del Archivo Nacional (Cuba), besides a continuation of the documents pertaining to the conspiracy entitled "Gran Legión del Aguila Negra" (1830), there are two considerable documents: "Sentencia de la Causa por Conspiración conocida por la de la Vuelta de Abajo" (1853), and "Sobre el Escándalo ocurrido en el Teatro de Tacón, hoy Nacional, la Noche del 19 de Abril de 1866". There is also an installment of an "Indice del Libro Sexto de Reales Órdenes" (1776), and a continuation of the inventory of the archives of the Cuban revolutionary delegation in New York, 1892–1898.

The Cuban Academy of History has inaugurated a series of Anales de la Academía de la Historia, intended to be bimonthly, by a handsome quarto number for July-August, in which the matter most interesting to readers in the United States will be a biographical study of Gen. Manuel de Quesada y Loynaz, an important figure in the revolutionary movements of 1868–1870.

The trustees of the Hispanic Society of America have lately opened an exhibition at their building in New York, 156th street west of Broadway, of historical documents illustrating South American independence, derived from the collection of Señor George M. Corbacho, member of the Peruvian Parliament.

Father Froylan Rionegro makes an important contribution to the colonial history of northern South America by his two volumes of Relaciones de las Misiones de las PP. Capuchinos en las Antiguas Provincias Españolas hoy República de Venezuela, 1650–1817 (Seville, tip. La Exposición).

The government of Chile and the University of California have arranged for a system of exchanges of university professors and other teachers, the details of which in the United States are to be managed by a Committee on Hispanic-American Relations in the University of California. Professor Charles E. Chapman of that university is to spend the calendar year 1920 as exchange professor in Chile under this arrangement. The subsequent appointments of Spanish-speaking professors in the United States, most commonly of professors of history, economics, political science or law, are to be made from various universities. The plan includes also a small number of school-teachers, Chilean and of the United States.

Out of articles originally published in the Revista Chilena de Historia y Geografía Señor Alberto Lara has made a substantial and authoritative volume on one of the most important battles of the wars of independence, La Batalla de Chacabuco (Santiago de Chile, Imp. Universitaria, pp. 263).

The history of the controversy between Peru and Chile over the provinces of Arica and Tacna is presented in *Nuestra Cuestion con Chile* (Lima, *Mercurio Peruano*) by Don Victor Andrés Belaunde, under commission from the Peruvian government.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Baron A. de Maricourt, Un Colon Français au Brésil: le Sire de Villegagnon (Revue Hebdomadaire, October 18); J. W. Howay, ed., The Voyage of the Hope, 1790-1792 (Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada, May); M. Bien, Le Domaine Public des États-Unis (Journal des Économistes, August); W. R. Riddell, ed., A Contemporary Account of the Navy Island Episode, 1837 [the Caroline] (Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada, May); J. Hashagen, Zur Entwicklungsgeschichte der Ausserpolitischen Beziehungen zwischen England und den Vereinigten Staaten von Amerika (Weltwirtschaftliches Archiv, July, 1917); E. Staehelin, Schweizer Theologen im Dienste der Reformierten Kirche in den Vereinigten Staaten (Schweizerische Theologische Zeitschrift, XXXVI. 4); Elihu Root, Theodore Roosevelt (North American Review, December); J. B. Bishop, Theodore Roosevelt and his Time, shown in his own Letters, I., II., III. (Scribner's Magazine, September, October, November); F. M. Fling, The Fourteen Points and the Peace Conference (The New World, August); F. H. Dixon, Federal Operation of Railroads during the War (Quarterly Journal of Economics, August); G. MacAdam, Life of General Pershing [cont.] (World's Work, September, October, November, December); E. W. Knight, Reconstruction and Education in South Carolina (South Atlantic Quarterly, October); W. L. Jenks, The Judicial System of Michigan under Governors and Judges (Michigan Law Review, November); L. T. Bowes, Rupert's House: the Oldest British Settlement in Canada (Canadian Magazine, August); A. R. Hassard, Great Canadian Orators: I. D'Arcy McGee; II. Joseph Howe; III. Nicholas Flood Davin; IV. Louis Joseph Papineau (ibid., August, September, October, November); W. R. Riddell, The Slave in Upper Canada (Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada, May); O. D. Skelton, Life and Letters of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, I. (Century Magazine, October): C. Kernisan, Haiti depuis 1915, la Convention Américano-Haitienne: la Doctrine de Monroë et les Principes Wilsoniens (Revue des Sciences Politiques, August 15); R. Blanco-Fombona, The Struggle for Independence in Argentina (Inter-America, English, October); P. Groussac, El Congreso de Tucumán (Revista de Derecho, Historia, y Letras, January); Heitor Lyra, Pan Americanism in Brazil prior to the Statement of the Monroe Doctrine (Inter-America, English, December); J. de Armas, Rosas and Doctor Francia (ibid., October).